

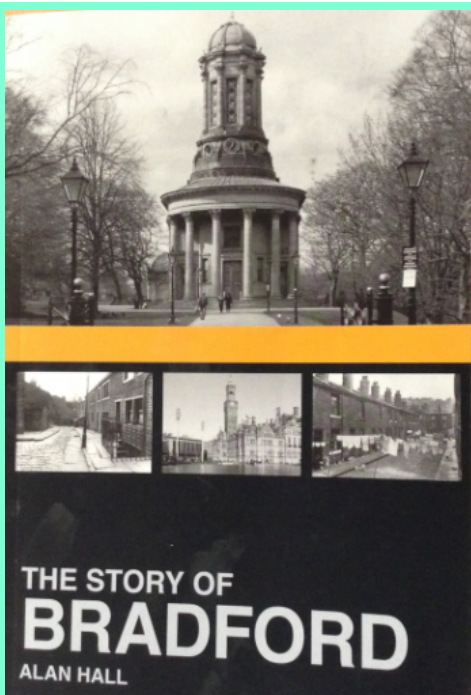
Tuesday 18th May

LO: To use complex sentences with embedded clauses

Starter

Sort the following vocabulary into nouns and pronouns

fish	me	railway	dog
us	them	group	it
she	homework	golf	you
hers	mine	tablecloth	ours
rabbit	sock	yours	I



What have you already learnt about Bradford so far? Tell your partner three facts.

What's the same and what's different about this set of sentences?

'George was feeling excited. It was dark in the forest.'

'George was feeling excited and it was dark in the forest.'

'George was feeling excited, despite the darkness of the forest.'

Can you name the three different types of sentence demonstrated above?

<https://www.bbc.co.uk/bitesize/topics/z4hrt39/articles/zfxfwty>

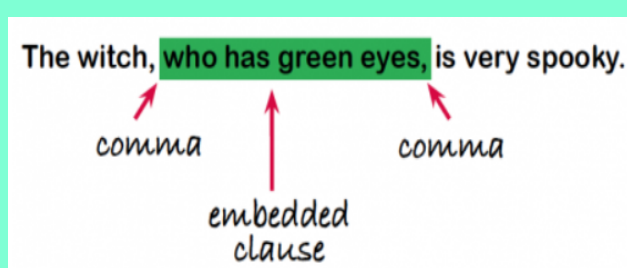
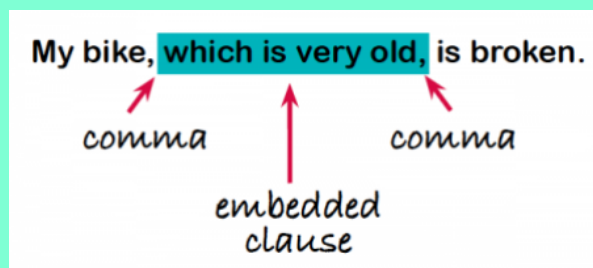
Simple sentences have just one main verb. Simple sentences are important for making clear points. They are also useful for creating tension when writing fiction.

A compound sentence has more than one verb. The two, or more, clauses of the sentence still make sense on their own. A compound sentence has at least two major independent clauses. They can be joined by a semicolon, or a comma and coordinating conjunction such as 'but', 'and' and 'so'

Complex sentences have at least one subordinate clause that adds more detail and information to the sentence.

What is a complex sentence?

What is an embedded clause?



An embedded clause is a clause (a group of words that includes a subject and a verb) that is within a main clause, usually marked by commas. If you removed the embedded clause the main clause would stand alone as a complete sentence. However, the embedded clause is reliant on the main clause so it does not make sense on its own (it's a subordinate clause).

I do

Highlight the embedded clause in green, the subordinate clause in yellow and the main clause in pink.

After Napoleon's defeat at Waterloo, Britain, who needed workers with specialist skills, encouraged the immigration of young Swiss, Italians, and other Europeans. Antonio Fattorini, a jeweller, came to the rapidly industrialising North of England shortly after 1815 from Bellagio which was then part of Switzerland.

By 1826, Antonio, an ambitious man, was in business by selling watches and jewellery in Leeds market where he was very popular. Because of his success, in 1831 he moved to Bradford to open his first shop in Bradford, at the intersection of Cheapside and Kirkgate, eventually employing all his sons. During those early years, he probably travelled with his wares to other markets whilst his sons, Anthony and Innocent, opened up shops in Harrogate and Skipton. His other two sons, Edward and John, remained in the business in Bradford which was known as Fattorini & Sons.

We do

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Write down three things you notice about complex sentences with embedded clauses on your whiteboard.

Test your knowledge of how to write a complex sentence in this short quiz!

<https://www.bbc.co.uk/bitesize/topics/z4hrt39/articles/zfxfwty>



You do

Write down three things you notice about complex sentences with embedded clauses in your book.

