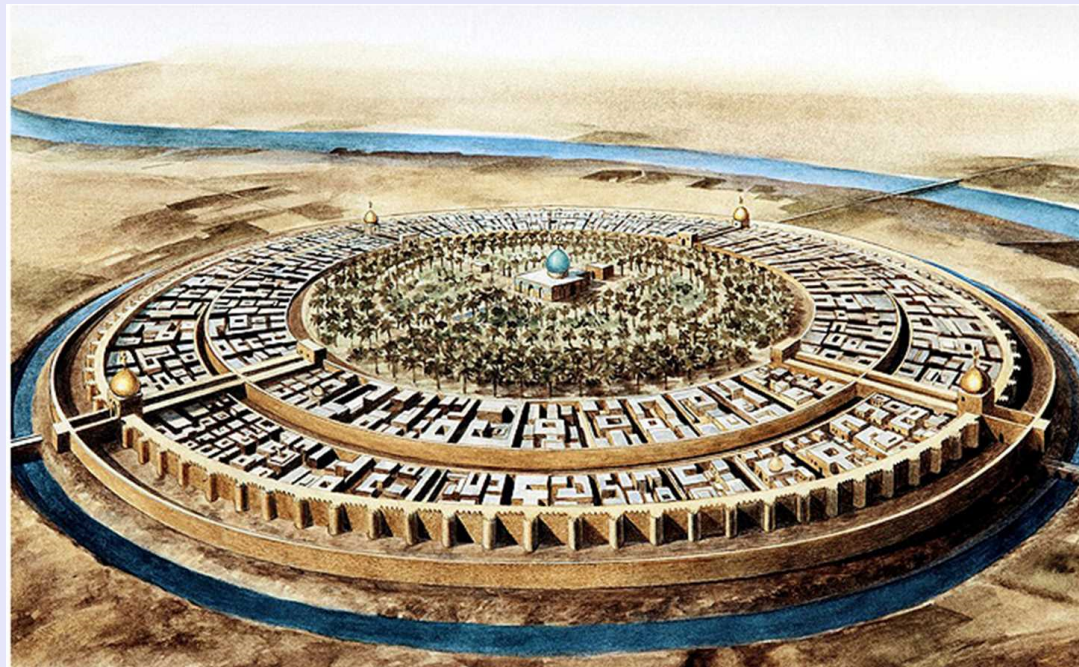


Tuesday 8th June 2021

L.O: To compare Baghdad and London during
900 CE



The round city of Baghdad in the 10th century at the time of House of Wisdom. Illustration: Jean Soutif/Science Photo Library ([Source](#))

What do we already know about the Baghdad and the Islamic Golden Age?

Let's read the History Knowledge Organiser.

Key Learning



Year: 5 **Term:** Summer 2

Question: Why should we study Baghdad of 900 AD?

Curriculum Area: History

Background information (including prior knowledge):

Knowledge of other ancient civilisations; e.g. Greece and Rome

Know how to use primary and secondary sources to build a picture of the past

Know that history is interpreted and that there are different viewpoints and interpretations

Know that the ancient world has influence on the world today

Key Content:

This unit supports the development of children's understanding of **historical periods** and **chronology**. Children will continue to learn that British culture has been **influenced** by other **civilisations**.

The unit focuses on developing an understanding of how we learn about the past using **sources to interpret**. Our interpretation of the past develops in the light of new information. There are different **viewpoints and interpretations** of history.

Key Questions:

How different was Baghdad to London in AD 900?

What is the house of wisdom?

Who was Ibn Battuta and how did his Rihla help us?

Who was Al-Zahawi and what can we learn from Muslim medicine?

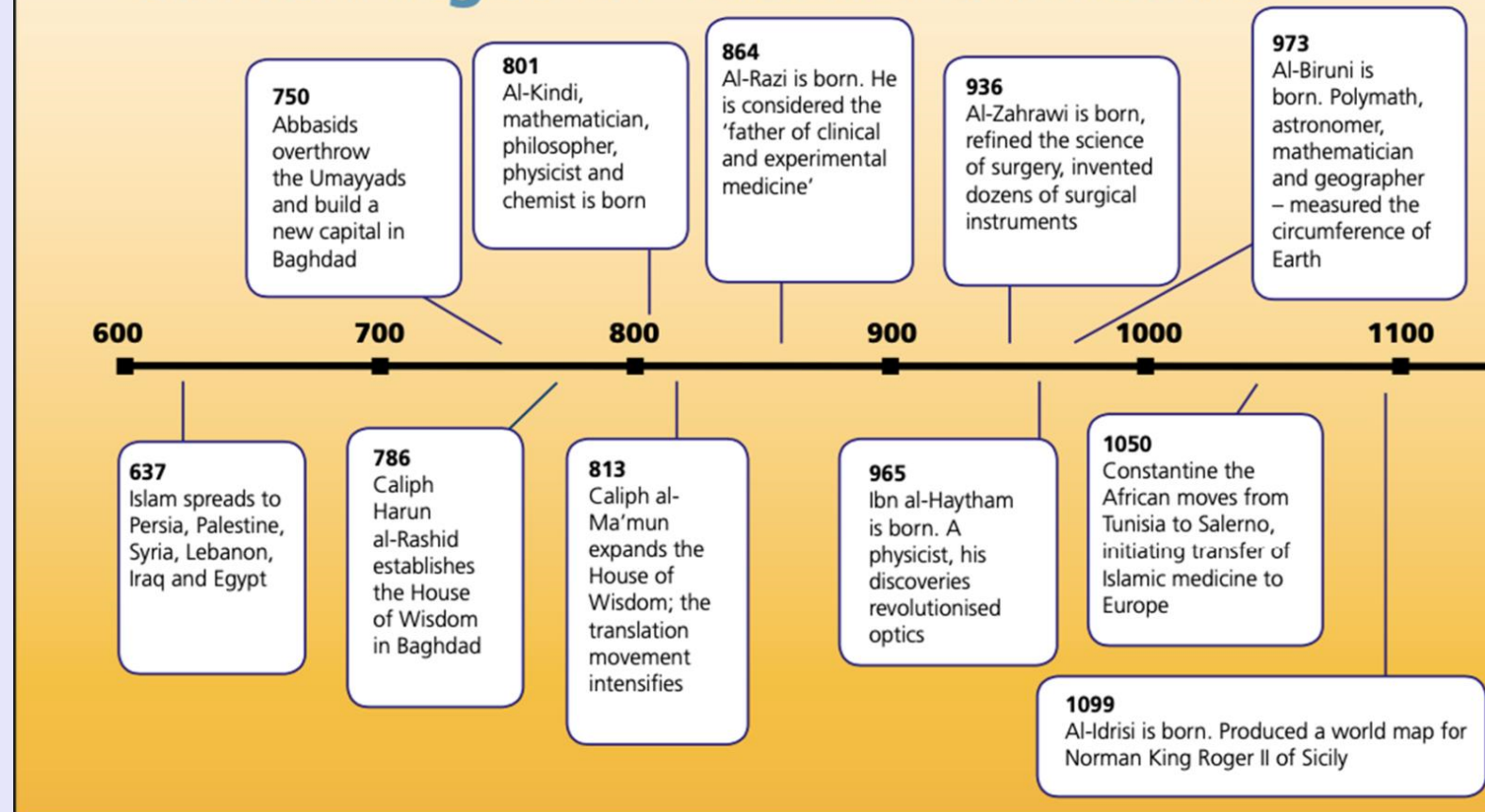
Who was Ibn Sina (Avicenna) - philosophical ideas

What did early Islamic civilisation leave behind?

Baghdad is located in modern day Iraq.



Golden Ages of Islamic Civilisation



When was Baghdad built and what was it like?

administrative	Organised and managed
cosmopolitan	Multi-cultural - coming from all over the world
cultivated	Educated and refined
economically	Money and trade - the economy
enforce	To make something or someone do something
established	Existing for a long time
flourished	To grow and develop well
hub	The central part of a wheel
institution	An organisation for education, religion or social purpose
intellectuals	An educated person - intelligent
monastery	Building monks live in
proximity	Near to
strategically	Long-term purpose

Read the text, 'When was Baghdad built and what was it like?'

As you read, try answering these key question (highlight your answers)

- Who established the city of Baghdad?
- When was the city of Baghdad established?
- What shape was the city?
- Which empire did it serve?
- How was the city of Baghdad regarded?
- What were houses like in London at that time?
- Who was responsible for education in London at that time?

How Baghdad became the most important
city in the Muslim World?



As we watch the video, make notes of any comparisons
made to London

I Do

How does Baghdad compare with London during 900 CE

Baghdad

Over a million people lived in Baghdad's round city and its surrounding areas.

London

Only 20,000 people lived in London round city and its surrounding areas.

We Do

How does Baghdad compare with London
during 900 CE

Baghdad

London

You Do

How does Baghdad compare with London
during 900 CE

Baghdad

London

